

State of California
The Resources Agency

Department of Water Resources

# Water Conditions in California

Report 2 March 1, 1992



Douglas P. Wheeler

Secretary for Resources
The Resources Agency

**Pete Wilson** 

Governor State of California David N. Kennedy

Director

Department of Water Resources

# STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Pete Wilson, Governor

# THE RESOURCES AGENCY

Douglas P. Wheeler, Secretary for Resources

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## **COOPERATING AGENCIES**

### **Public Agencies**

Buena Vista Water Storage District Central California Irrigation District East Bay Municipal Utility District Friant Water Users Association Kaweah Delta Water Conservation District Kern Delta Water District Kings River Conservation District Lower Tule River Irrigation District Merced Irrigation District Modesto Irrigation District Nevada Irrigation District North Kem Water Storage District Northern California Power Agency Oakdale Irrigation District Omochumne-Hartnell Water District Oroville-Wyandotte Irrigation District Placer County Water Agency Sacramento Municipal Utility District South San Joaquin Irrigation District Tri-Dam Project Tulare Lake Basin Water Storage District Turlock Irrigation District Yuba County Water Agency

### **Private Organizations**

J.G. Boswell Company
Kaweah River Association
Kings River Water Association
St. Johns River Association
Tule River Association
U.S. Tungsten Corporation
State Water Contractors

### **Public Utilities**

Pacific Gas and Electric Company Southern California Edison Company Sierra Pacific Power Company

### Municipalities

City of Bakersfield
Water Department
City of Los Angeles
Department of Water and Power
City and County of San Francisco
Hetch Hetchy Water and Power

### State Agencies

California Department of Forestry & Fire Protection California Department of Water Resources

### Federal Agencies

U.S. Department of Agriculture
Forest Service(14 National Forests)
Pacific Southwest Forest and Range
Experiment Station
Soil Conservation Service
U.S. Department of Commerce
National Weather Service
U.S. Department of Interior
Bureau of Reclamation
Geological Survey, Water Resources
Division
National Park Service(3 National Parks)
U.S. Department of Army
Corps of Engineers

### Other Cooperative Programs

Nevada Cooperative Snow Surveys Oregon Cooperative Snow Surveys

## SUMMARY OF WATER CONDITIONS

# **MARCH 1, 1992**

For the first time in February since 1986 precipitation has been above average. The series of storms that began about the tenth of February increased California's statewide snowpack from less than half to just under three-quarters of average. Heaviest snowfall amounts fell in the northern mountains. As a result the water supply outlook has brightened considerably. However, February precipitation was not enough to erase the seasonal deficit of the preceding three months. The fact remains that our water supply is still forecast to be well below normal.

**FORECASTS** of statewide April through July runoff is now expected to be 60 percent of average. This is a 10 percent increase over the forecasted runoff a month ago.

**SNOWPACK** water content rose from 45 to 70 percent of average during February. Even though water content of the pack is several times greater than it was a year ago and 25 percent more than it was at the beginning of February, it is still below average. Greatest amounts, about 75 percent of average, are in the Sacramento Basin while the North Lahontan snowpack water content is lowest - about 55 percent of average.

**PRECIPITATION** in February averaged 160 percent statewide and ranged from about half of average in some northeastern areas to over three times normal in parts of Southern California.

**RUNOFF** to date statewide increased from about 25 to 40 percent of normal during February. The heavy rains produced above normal runoff in South Coast and southern Central Coast streams allowing some local water agencies to fill their reservoirs to a level that allows them to suspend rationing.

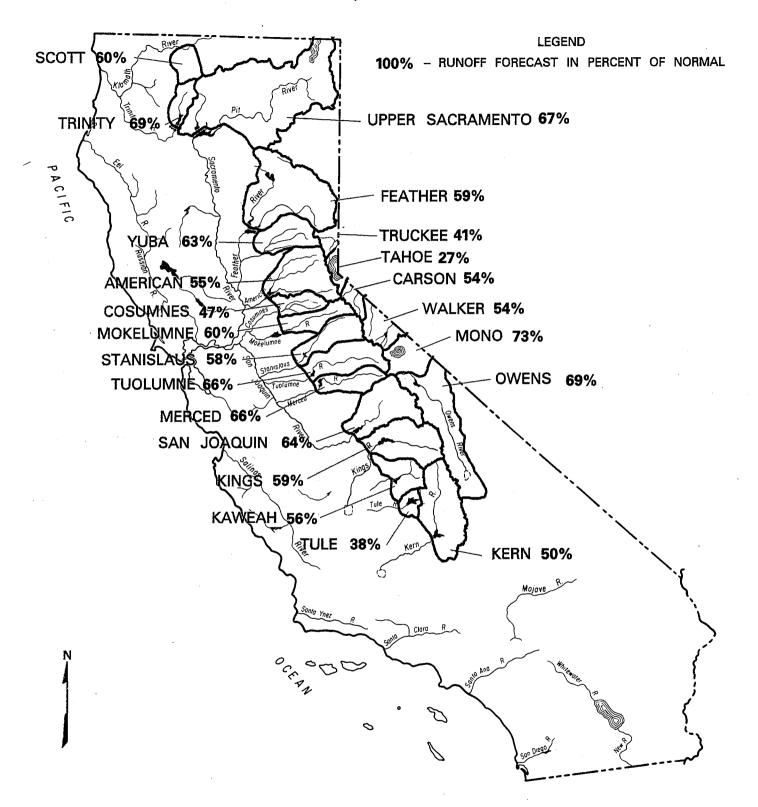
**RESERVOIR STORAGE** increased from 55 to 65 percent statewide. Wide regional variations in storage conditions exist ranging from about 15 percent in the North Lahontan area to 110 percent in the South Coast area where reservoirs are used largely to regulate imported water supplies. The large reservoirs of the Sacramento Basin are holding about two thirds of the usual supplies.

SUMMARY OF WATER CONDITIONS IN PERCENT OF AVERAGE											
NORTH COAST	60	75	45	30	65	55					
SAN FRANCISCO BAY	85		80	30	·						
CENTRAL COAST	115	<del></del>	50	60							
SOUTH COAST	125	==	110	125		<del></del>					
SACRAMENTO BASIN	75	75	65	45	60	55					
SAN JOAQUIN BASIN	80	65	65	40	65	55					
TULARE LAKE BASIN	85	60	45	40	55	55					
NORTH LAHONTAN	55	55	15	50	50	50					
SOUTH LAHONTAN	120	60	80	55	70	65					
COLORADO DESERT	155										
STATEWIDE	85	70	65	40	60	55					
	•										

# FORECAST OF APRIL - JULY

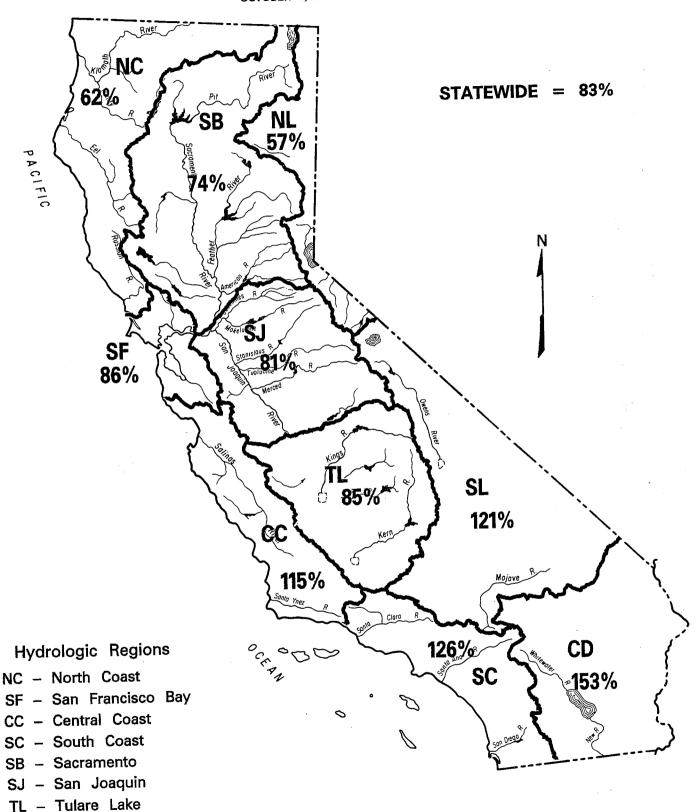
# UNIMPAIRED SNOWMELT RUNOFF

MARCH 1, 1990



# SEASONAL PRECIPITATION

# IN PERCENT OF AVERAGE TO DATE OCTOBER 1,1991 TO FEBRUARY 29, 1992



3

WATER YEAR IS OCTOBER 1 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30

NL - North Lahontan SL - South Lahontan

CD - Colorado Desert

# FORECASTS OF APRIL-JULY UNIMPAIRED RUNOFF FOR CENTRAL VALLEY STREAMS MARCH 1, 1992

DRAINAGE BASIN AND WATERSHED	April through July Unimpaired Runoff in 1,000 Acre-Feet HISTORICAL FORECASTS						
	50 Year Average	Maximum of Record	Minimum of Record	April-July Forecast	Percent of Average	80% Prob. Range	
ACRAMENTO RIVER BASIN	J_,	.1		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Upper Sacramento River Sacramento River at Shasta Lake McCloud River at Shasta Lake Pit River at Shasta Lake Total inflow to Shasta Lake	297 411 1,062 1,824	702 850 1,796 3,189	39 185 480 726	220 270 680 1,220	74 66 64 67	930-1,90	
Sacramento River above Bend Bridge, near Red Bluff	2,491	4,674	943	1,600	64	1,250-2,60	
Feather River Feather River at Lake Almanor near Pratville North Fork at Pulga Middle Fork near Clio (3) South Fork at Ponderosa Dam Total inflow to Oroville Reservoir	333 1,028 86 110 1,857	675 2,416 518 267 4,676	120 243 4 13 392	220 650 25 65 1,100	66 63 29 59 59	700-1,95	
Yuba River North Yuba below Goodyears Bar Inflow to Jackson Mdws and Bowman Reservoirs South Yuba at Langs Crossing Yuba River at Smartville	286 112 233 1,047	647 236 481 2,424	51 25 57 200	180 70 150 660	63 63 64 63	420-1,20	
American River North Fork at North Fork Dam Middle Fork near Auburn Silver Creek below Camino Diversion Dam Total inflow to Folsom Reservoir	262 522 173 1,284	716 1,406 386 3,074	43 100 37 229	140 300 100 710	53 57 58 55	420-1,35	
Sacramento River at Sacramento							
AN JOAQUIN RIVER BASIN							
Cosumnes River at Michigan Bar	129	363	8	60	47	30-14	
Mokelumne River North Fork near West Point (4) Total inflow to Pardee Reservoir	437 465	829 1,065	104 102	260 280	59 60	190-46	
Stanislaus River Middle Fork below Beardsley Dam North Fork inflow to aMcKay's Point Dam Total inflow to Melones Reservoir	334 224 713	702 503 1,710	64 34 116	200 125 410	60 56 58	250-66	
Tuolumne River Cherry Creek and Eleanor Creek near Hetch Hetchy Tuolumne River near Hetch Hetchy Total inflow to Don Pedro Reservoir	322 606 1,200	727 1,392 2,682	97 153 301	200 420 790	62 69 . 66	540-1,20	
Merced River Merced River at Pohono Bridge Total inflow to Exchequer Reservoir	362 617	888 1,587	80 123	250 410	69 66	290-65	
San Joaquin River San Joaquin River at Mammoth Pool (2) Big Creek below Huntington Lake (2) South Fork near Florence Lake (2) Total inflow to Millerton Lake	1,014 95 202 1,228	2,279 264 511 3,355	235 11 58 262	660 60 140 780	65 63 69 64	500-1,23	
San Joaquin River near Vernalis							
ULARE LAKE BASIN							
Kings River North Fork Kings River near Cliff Camp Total inflow to Pine Flat Reservoir	239 1,203	565 3,114	50 273	150 710	63 59	470-1,10	
Kaweah River at Terminus Reservoir	284	814	61	160	56	110-28	
Tule River at Success Reservoir	63	256	2	24	38	15-5	
Kern River Kern River near Kernville Total inflow to Isabella Reservoir All 50-year averages are based on data for water years 1941-	373 461	1,203 1,657	83 84	200 230	54 50	180-45	

(1) All 50-year averages are based on data for water years 1941-1990 except:
(2) 45-year average based on years 1936-80.
(3) 44-year average based on years 1936-79.
(5) See inside back cover for definition of unimpaired runoff and 80 percent probability ranges.

# FORECASTS OF WATER YEAR UNIMPAIRED RUNOFF FOR CENTRAL VALLEY STREAMS MARCH 1, 1992

								. :=				
	HISTOR	PICAT I	W	Vater Year O	ctober throug	gh Septemi DISTRIB		aired Run	off in 1,0	00's Acre-F	FOREC	272
50 Year Average	Maximum of Record	Minimum of Record	October through January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August and September	Water Year Forecast	Percent of Average
				1		<b>1</b>				_		
856 1,244 3,145 5,987	1,964 2,353 5,150 10,796	165 577 1,484 2,479	805	760	600	450	330	240	200	335	3,720	62
8,664	17,180	3,294	1,080	1,300	800	580	450	320	250	400	(3,200-4,900) 5.180	) 60
780 2,417 219 291 4,617	1,269 4,400 637 562 9,492	366 666 24 32 994	310	380	430	460	370	170	100	130	(4,450 <sup>2</sup> -6,950 2,350 (1,740-3,500	51
564 181 379 2,390	1,056 292 565 4,926	102 30 98 369	120	240	230	280	270	90	20	20	1,270 (920-1,950)	. 53
616 1,070 318 2,736	1,234 2,575 705 6,381	66 144 59 349	100	230	250	330	270	90	20	10	1,300 (910-2,100)	48 55
385	1,253	20	7	40	32	35	20	4	1	1	140 (90-260)	36
626 748	1,009 1,800	197 129	32	37	48	110	135	30	5	3	400 (300-600)	53
471 1,150	929 2,952	88 155	58	72	85	150	180	60	20	.5	630 (430-930)	55
461 770 1,882	1,147 1,661 4,430	123 258 383	83	94	150	260	350	150	30	13	1,130 (830-1,620)	60
461 966	1,020 2,859	92 150	36	54	80	140	180	70	20	10	590 (430-880)	61
1,337 112 248 1,776	2,964 298 653 4,642	308 14 71 362	70	70	110	200	320	200	60	30	1,060 (730-1,600)	60 59
284 1,669	607 4,294	58 383	70	50	90	180	300	190	40	30	950	57
444	1,402	92	19	13	25	50	70	35	5	3	950 (670-1,400) 220	50
145	615	16	6	7	12	12	8	3	1	1	(150-360) 50 (30-100)	34
558 717	1,577 2,309	163 175	45	20	40	70	90	50	20	25	360 (280-640)	50

<sup>\*</sup> Unimpaired runoff to date

# FORECASTS OF APRIL-JULY UNIMPAIRED RUNOFF FOR SELECTED CALIFORNIA STREAMS

# **MARCH 1, 1992**

	April through July Unimpaired Runoff in 1,000 Acre-Feet							
DRAINAGE BASIN AND WATERSHED		HISTORICA	L .	FORECASTS				
	50 Year Average(1)	Maximum of Record	Minimum of Record	April-July Forecast	Percent of Average			
NORTH COAST AREA								
Trinity River at Lewiston	653	1,593	80	450	69			
Scott River at Ft. Jones	200	*	*	120	60			
Upper Klamath Lake(1)(2)(5)	521	1,151	177	175	34			
LAHONTAN AREA								
Truckee River, Lake Tahoe to Farad accretion	268	713	58	110	41			
Lake Tahoe Rise in feet (assuming gates closed)	1.5	3.75	0.23	0.4	27			
East Carson River near Gardnerville	186 ·	407	43	100	54			
West Carson River at Woodfords	54	131	12	30	56			
East Walker River near Bridgeport	63	209	7	24	38			
West Walker River near Coleville	148	330	35	90	61			
Owens River(3)	233	579	96	160	69			

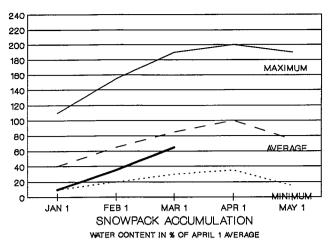
<sup>(1)</sup>Forecast period of April-September

<sup>(2)</sup> Forecast by U.S. Soil Conservation Service, Portland, Or.

<sup>(3)</sup>Forecast by Dept. of Water and Power, City of Los Angeles

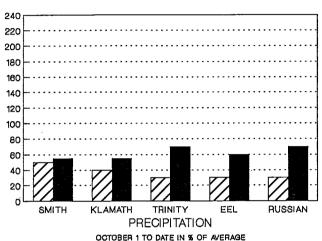
<sup>(4)</sup>Inside back cover for definition of unimpaired runoff.

<sup>(5)</sup> Average period of 25 years

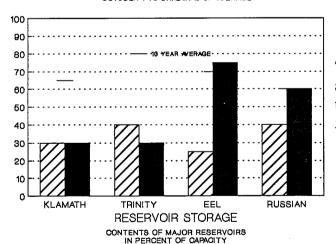


# NORTH COAST AREA

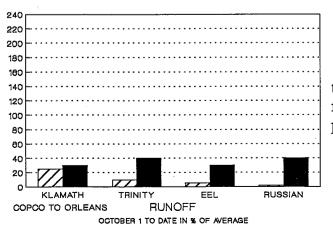
<u>SNOWPACK</u> - First of the month measurements made at 13 snow courses indicate an area wide snow water equivalent of 20.7 inches. This is percent of the 75 percent of the March 1 average and 65 percent of the seasonal (April 1) average. Last year at this time the pack was holding 5.2 inches of water.



<u>PRECIPITATION</u> - Seasonal precipitation (October 1 through the end of last month) on this area was 60 percent of normal. Precipitation last month was about 120 percent of the monthly average. Seasonal precipitation at this time last year stood at 35 percent of normal.

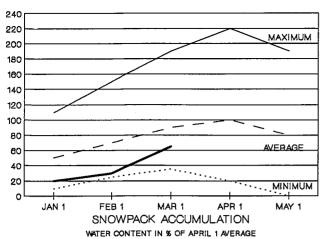


<u>RESERVOIR STORAGE</u> - First of the month storage in 7 reservoirs was 1.1 million acre-feet which is 45 percent of average. About 35 percent of available capacity was being used. Storage in these reservoirs at this time last year was 55percent of average.



LAST YEAR

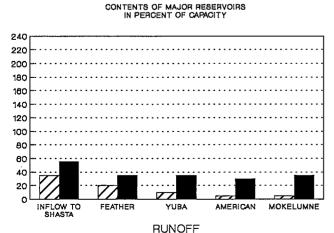
<u>RUNOFF</u> - Seasonal runoff of streams draining the area totaled 2.4 million acre-feet which is 30 percent of average for this period. Last year, runoff for the same period was 10 percent of average.



# 240 220 200 180 160 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 UPPER SACRAMENTO YUBA AMERICAN MOKELUMNNE MG CLOUD & PIT FEATHER PRECIPITATION

# 10 YEAR AVERAGE RESERVOIR STORAGE

OCTOBER 1 TO DATE IN % OF AVERAGE



OCTOBER 1 TO DATE IN % OF AVERAGE

THIS YEAR

LAST YEAR

# SACRAMENTO BASIN

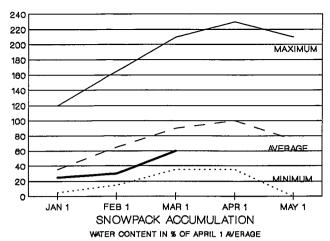
<u>SNOWPACK</u> - First of the month measurements made at 69 snow course indicate a basin-wide snow water equivalent of 22.3 inches. This is 75 percent of the average for this date and 65 percent for April 1. Last year at this time, the pack was holding 3.4 inches of water.

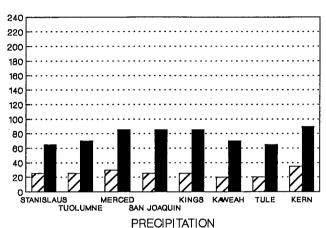
PRECIPITATION - Seasonal precipitation (October 1 through the end of last month) on the Sacramento Basin was 75 percent of normal. Precipitation last month was about 150 percent of the monthly average. Seasonal precipitation at this time last year stood at 30 percent of average.

RESERVOIR STORAGE - First of the month storage in 43 reservoirs was 7.6 million acre-feet which is 65 percent of average. About 45 percent of available capacity was being used. Storage in these reservoirs was about 50 percent of average at this time last year.

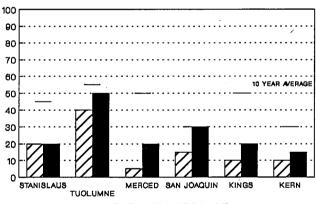
<u>RUNOFF</u> - Seasonal runoff from streams draining into the basin totaled 3.8 million acre-feet which is 45 percent of average for this period. Last year runoff for the same period was 20 percent of average.

The Sacramento River Index for the year is forecast at 10.1 million acre-feet assuming median meteorological conditions for the remainder of the year. This continues to classify the year as "critical" in the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta according to the State Water Resources Control Board's Decision 1485. The SRI at this time last year was forecasted to be 5.5 million acre-feet.

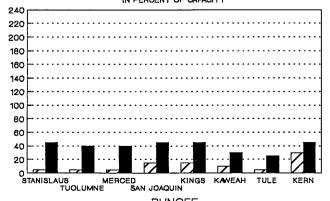




OCTOBER 1 TO DATE IN % OF AVERAGE



RESERVOIR STORAGE
CONTENTS OF MAJOR RESERVOIRS
IN PERCENT OF CAPACITY



RUNOFF
OCTOBER 1 TO DATE IN % OF AVERAGE

LAST YEAR THIS YEAR

# SAN JOAQUIN AND TULARE LAKE BASINS

<u>SNOWPACK</u> - First of the month measurements made at San Joaquin Basin snow courses indicate a basin wide snow water equivalent of 18.8 inches which is 65 percent of the seasonal (April 1) average. Last year at this time, the pack was holding 3.8 inches of water.

At the same time, 38 Tulare Lake Basin snow courses indicated a basin-wide snow water equivalent of 12.2 inches which is 60 percent of the average for this date and 55 percent of the seasonal average. Last year at this time, the Basin was holding 2.1 inches of water.

<u>PRECIPITATION</u> - Seasonal precipitation (October 1 through the end of last month) on the San Joaquin Basin was 80 percent of normal. Precipitation last month was 145 percent of the monthly average. Seasonal precipitation at this time last year stood at 30 percent of normal.

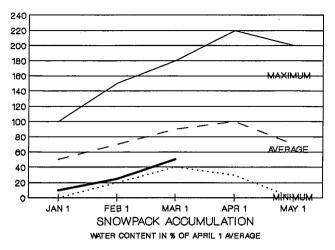
Seasonal precipitation on the Tulare Lake Basin was 85 percent of normal. Precipitation last month was 140 percent of the monthly average. Seasonal precipitation at this time last year stood at 30 percent of normal.

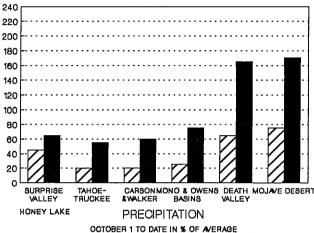
<u>RESERVOIR STORAGE</u> - First of the month storage in 33 San Joaquin Basin reservoirs was 4.5 million acre-feet which is 65 percent of average. About 40 percent of available capacity was being used. Storage in these reservoirs at this time last year was 45 percent of average.

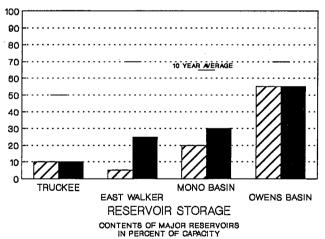
First of the month storage in 6 Tulare Lake Basin reservoirs was 364 thousand acre-feet which is 45 percent of average. About 20 percent of available capacity was being used. Storage in these reservoirs at this time last year was 20 percent of average.

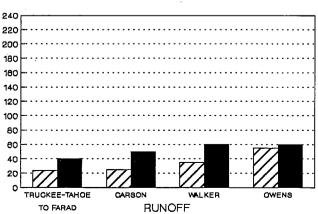
<u>RUNOFF</u> - Seasonal runoff of streams draining into the San Joaquin Basin totaled 651 thousand acre-feet which is 40 percent of average for this period. Last year, runoff for this same period was 5 percent of average.

Seasonal runoff of streams draining into the Tulare Lake Basin totaled 237 thousand acre-feet which is 40 percent of average for this period. Last year, runoff for this same period was 20 percent of average.









LAST YEAR THIS YEAR

OCTOBER 1 TO DATE IN % OF AVERAGE

# NORTH AND SOUTH LAHONTAN AREA

<u>SNOWPACK</u> - First of the month measurements made at 15 North Lahontan snow courses indicate an area wide snow water equivalent of 17.2 inches which is 55 percent of average for this date and 50 percent of the seasonal (April 1) average. Last year at this time, the pack was holding 3.2 inches of water.

At the same time, 17 South Lahontan courses indicated an area-wide snow water equivalent of 13.5 inches which is 60 percent of the average for this date. Last year at this time, the pack was holding 1.6 inches of water.

<u>PRECIPITATION</u> - Seasonal precipitation (October 1 through the end of last month) over the North Lahontan area was 55 percent of normal. Precipitation last month was 70 percent of the monthly average. Seasonal precipitation at this time last year stood at 30 percent of normal.

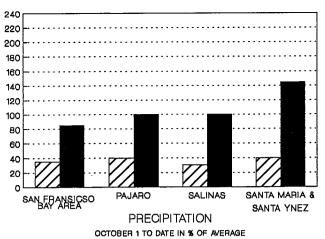
Seasonal precipitation over the South Lahontan area was 120 percent of normal. Last month's precipitation was 235 percent of the monthly average. Seasonal precipitation at this time last year stood at 50 percent of normal.

RESERVOIR STORAGE - First of the month storage in 5 North Lahontan reservoirs was 107 thousand acre-feet which is 15 percent of average. About 10 percent of available capacity was being used. Storage in these reservoirs at this time last year was 15 percent of average. Lake Tahoe was 1.4 feet below its natural rim on March 1.

First of the month storage in 8 South Lahontan reservoirs was 236 thousand acre-feet which is 80 percent of average. About 60 percent of available capacity was being used. Storage in these reservoirs at this time last year was 30 percent of average.

<u>RUNOFF</u> - Seasonal runoff of streams draining the North Lahontan area totaled 99 thousand acre-feet which is 50 percent of average for this period. Last year, runoff for this same period was 30 percent of average.

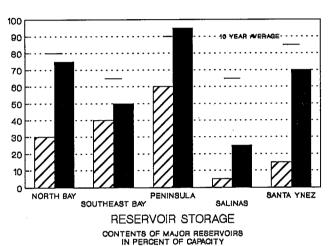
Seasonal runoff of the Owens River in the South Lahontan area totaled 30 thousand acre-feet which is 60 percent of average for this period. Last year, runoff for this same period was 55 percent of average.



# SAN FRANCISCO AND CENTRAL COAST AREAS

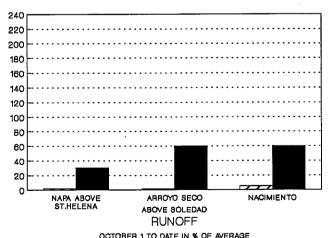
<u>PRECIPITATION</u> - Seasonal precipitation (October 1 through the end of last month) on the San Francisco Bay area was 85 percent of normal. Precipitation last month was 195 percent of the monthly average. Seasonal precipitation at this time last year stood at 35 percent of normal.

Seasonal precipitation on the Central Coast area averaged 115 percent of normal. Precipitation last month was 225 percent of the monthly average. Seasonal precipitation at this time last year stood at 35 percent of normal.



<u>RESERVOIR STORAGE</u> - First of the month storage in 18 major Bay area reservoirs was 409 thousand acre-feet which is 80 percent of average. About 60 percent of available capacity was being used. Storage in these reservoirs at this time last year was 55 percent of average.

First of the month storage in 6 major Central Coast reservoirs was 330 thousand acre-feet which is 50 percent of average. About 35 percent of available capacity was being used. Storage in these reservoirs at this time last year was 15 percent of average.



<u>RUNOFF</u> - Seasonal runoff of the Napa River in the San Francisco Bay area totaled 14 thousand acre-feet which is 30 percent of average for this period. Last year, runoff for this same period was less than 5 percent of average.

Seasonal runoff of selected Central Coast streams totaled 131 thousand acre-feet which is 60 percent of average for this period. Last year, runoff for this same period was less than 5 percent of average.

# SOUTH COAST AND COLORADO RIVER AREAS

<u>PRECIPITATION</u> - Seasonal precipitation (October through the end of last month) on the South Coast was 125 percent of normal. February precipitation was 240 percent of the monthly average. Seasonal precipitation at this time last year stood at 45 percent of normal.

Seasonal precipitation in the Colorado Desert area was 155 percent of normal. Seasonal precipitation at this time last year was 85 percent of the average.

<u>RUNOFF</u> - Seasonal runoff from selected South Coast streams totaled 38 thousand acre-feet which is 125 percent of average. Last year, runoff for the same period was 10 percent of average.

<u>RESERVOIR STORAGE</u> - March 1 storage in 29 major South Coast area reservoirs was 1.4 million acre-feet or 110 percent of average. About 75 percent of available capacity was being used. Storage in these reservoirs at this time last year was 90 of average.

First of the month combined storage in Lakes Powell, Mead, Mohave and Havasu was about 36.6 million acre-feet which is nearly average. About 70 percent of available capacity was being used. One year ago, these reservoirs were storing 37.6 million acre-feet. The April through July inflow to Lake Powell is forecasted to be 5.5 million acre-feet which will be 68 percent of average.

<u>UPPER COLORADO RIVER BASIN</u> - The first of the month snowpack, according to the U.S. Soil Conservation Service reports was 80 percent of average and ranges from 80 percent in the Green River Basin to 100 percent in the Upper San Miguel.

# CENTRAL VALLEY PROJECT

Due to the heavy amounts of precipitation during February, water year forecasts for runoff into CVP reservoirs now range from 48 to 68 percent of average. As of February 29, 1992, CVP storage was 4.4 million acre-feet which is an increase of 1.1 million acre-feet over the September 30, 1991 carryover storage and is approximately 60 percent of normal for this date.

On the basis of the March 1 conditions, the CVP announced a revision in the declaration of available CVP water supplies. Agricultural contractors will now receive a 15 percent supply, Sacramento River water rights holders and San Joaquin exchange contractors will get 75 percent, and urban contractors will get 50 percent in addition to hardship considerations. The Friant Division water supply is increased to 82 percent Class 1, 0 percent Class II, which is 44 percent of historic average deliveries.

# STATE WATER PROJECT

On March 1, conservation storage (Oroville plus the State's share of San Luis) was 2.2 million acre-feet, or almost 50 percent of capacity. The SWP also has about 250 thousand acre-feet in groundwater storage south of the Delta. Initial delivery approvals to SWP contractors of 20 percent were made in December, 1991. An assessment is being made of the improved water supply in hopes of increasing current water delivery allocations.

# MAJOR WATER DISTRIBUTION PROJECTS RESERVOIR STORAGE

(AVERAGES BASED ON PERIOD RECORD)

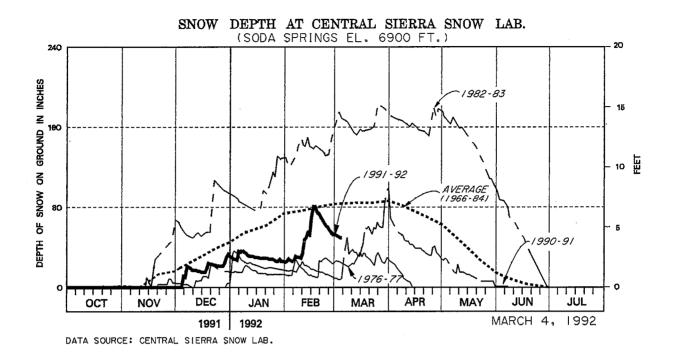
RESERVOIR STATE WATER PROJECT	CAPACITY 1,000 AF	AVERAGE STORAGE 1,000 AF	STORAG 1991 1,000 AF 1,000 AF	E AS OF FEBR 1992 AVERAGE	UARY 29 PERCENT
Oroville	3,540	2,660	938	1,535	58
San Luis SWP	1,060	940	94	695	74
Lake Del Valle	77	33	37	34	102
Silverwood	73	66	67	71	107
Pyramid Lake	171	162	167	162	100
Castaic Lake	324	263	168	310	118
Perris Reservoir	132	114	125	125	109
CENTRAL VALLEY PROJECT					
Clair Engle Lake	2,450	1,939	961	684	35
Shasta Lake	4,550	3,446	1,543	1,966	57
Whiskeytown	241	208	187	209	101
Folsom	975	590	167	502	85
New Melones	2,420	1,669	373	374	22
Millerton Lake	521	309	183	283	92
San Luis CVP	980	767	588	698	91
COLORADO RIVER PROJECT					
Lake Mead	26,300	19,709	20,149	20,065	101
Lake Powell	25,000	15,070	15,241	13,745	91
Lake Mojave	1,810	1,639	1,703	1,654	101
Lake Havasu	619	537	552	549	102
EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILI	TY DISTRICT				
Pardee	210	177	137	200	113
Camanche	432	263	140	126	48
East Bay (4 reservoirs)	151	129	123	123	95
CITY & COUNTY OF SAN FRA	<u>ANCISCO</u>				
Hetch Hetchy	360	133	25	125	94
Cherry Lake	269	105	27	94	90
Lake Eleanor	28	10	1	3	30
South Bay (4 reservoirs)	223	172	78	144	84
CITY OF LOS ANGELES(DWP	Ĵ				
Crowley Lake(Long Valley)	183	122	103	118	97
Grant Lake	48	23	11	16	51
Other Aqueduct Storage(6 reserv	oirs) 95	70	71	52	107

# DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES - CALIFORNIA DATA EXCHANGE CENTER TELEMETERED SNOW WATER EQUIVALENTS - FEBRUARY 28, 1992

BASIN NAME STATION NAME	AGENCY	ELEV FEET	APR 1 AVG	TODAY	INCHES OF PERCENT OF APR 1	WATER EQU 24 HRS AGO	IIVALENT 1 WEEK AGO
TRINITY RIVER PETERSON FLAT RED ROCK MOUNTAIN BONANZA KING SHIMMY LAKE MIDDLE BOULDER #3 HIGHLAND LAKES SCOTTS MOUNTAIN MUMBO BASIN BIG FLAT	USBR USBR USBR USBR USBR USBR USBR USBR	7150 6700 6450 6200 6200 6030 5900 5700 5100	39.6 40.5 40.3 28.3 29.9  22.4	22.4 37.2 28.7  22.9  20.9 20.4 13.2	94% 71%  81%  91%	22.3 37.2 29.1 38.6  38.6  20.6 13.2	21.8 36.6 28.4 38.6 24.2 38.3 19.9 20.5 13.4
SACRAMENTO RIVER CEDAR PASS BLACKS MOUNTAIN SAND FLAT MEDICINE LAKE ADIN MOUNTAIN SNOW MOUNTAIN SLATE CREEK STOUTS MEADOW	SCS DWR USBR USBR SCS USBR USBR USBR	7100 7100 6750 6700 6350 5950 5600 5400	18.1  42.4  13.6 27.0 29.0 36.0	6.4 6.7 27.6 14.4 5.3 16.5 	35%  65%  39% 61%  80%	6.5 6.7  14.3 5.2 16.7	6.2 7.0  13.2 4.4 17.7  28.3
FEATHER RIVER KETTLEROCK GRIZZLY PILOT PEAK GOLD LAKE HUMBUG RATTLESNAKE BUCKS LAKE FOUR TREES	DWR DWR DWR DWR DWR DWR DWR DWR	7300 6900 6800 6750 6500 6100 5750 5150	25.5 29.7 52.6 36.5 28.0 14.0 44.7 20.0	11.8 13.2 19.4 22.0 26.3 12.6 36.8 23.9	46% 44% 37% 60% 94% 90% 82% 119%	12.1 13.6 19.6 22.0 26.4 12.7 37.0 24.0	12.4 13.8 20.6 21.6 28.0 13.4 36.8 25.8
YUBA & AMERICAN RIV LAKE LOIS SCHNEIDERS CAPLES LAKE COURSE ALPHA BETA FORNI RIDGE SILVER LAKE CENT SIERRA SNOW LAB HUYSINK VAN VLECK ROBBS SADDLE GREEK STORE BLUE CANYON ROBBS POWERHOUSE	DWR SMUD USBR SMUD DWR USBR USBR USBR SMUD SMUD USBR USBR SMUD	8800 8750 7800 7600 7600 7600 7100 6950 6600 6700 5900 5600 5280 5150	34.5 30.9 35.9  37.0 22.7 33.6 42.6 35.9 21.4 21.0 9.0 5.2	28.1 19.8 13.8 19.2 15.1 9.9 11.2 17.3 17.5 18.6 14.6 19.7 .0	57% 45% 53%  27% 49% 51% 41% 52% 68% 94% 0%	26.8 19.8 13.9 19.3 15.1 9.9 11.4 17.5 17.5 18.7 14.8 20.3 .0 6.0	27.5 14.4 19.6 15.2 9.6 11.6 18.2 17.5 19.1 15.6 20.9 2.6 7.7
MOKEL. & STANIS. RIV DEADMAN CREEK HIGHLAND MEADOW GIANELLI MEADOW LOWER RELIEF VALLEY BLUE LAKES MUD LAKE STANISLAUS MEADOW BLOODS CREEK BLACK SPRINGS	USBR USBR USBR DWR SCS SMUD USBR USBR USBR	9250 8800 8350 8100 8000 7900 7750 7200 6500	37.2 47.9 55.5 41.2 33.1 44.9 47.5 35.5 32.0	15.0  23.8 21.0 17.7 27.2 22.3 17.3 17.9	40%  43% 51% 53% 61% 47% 49% 56%	14.9 26.0 23.8 21.2 17.7 27.2 22.3 17.3 17.9	14.0 25.2 23.0 21.0 17.0 27.5 21.6 16.9 17.9
TUOLUMNE & MERCED R. DANA MEADOWS SLIDE CANYON SNOW FLAT TUOLUMNE MEADOWS HORSE MEADOW OSTRANDER LAKE PARADISE GIN FLAT LOWER KIBBIE	DWR DWR DWR DWR DWR DWR DWR DWR DWR	9800 9200 8700 8600 8400 8200 7650 7050 6600	27.7  44.1 22.6 48.6 34.8  34.2 27.4	15.8 19.0 22.9 9.1 22.9 19.6 18.0 17.3	57%  52% 40% 47% 56%  51% 51%	15.8 20.0 22.8 9.1 22.9 19.6 18.7 17.5	15.8 19.2 23.5 8.6 21.0 19.6 20.0 18.7 15.1
SAN JOAQUIN RIVER VOLCANIC KNOB AGNEW PASS KAISER POINT GREEN MOUNTAIN	USBR USBR USBR USBR	10100 9450 9200 7900	30.1 32.3 37.8 30.8	15.0 16.3 18.3 16.5	50% 50% 48% 54%	15.0 16.3 18.3 16.5	14.4 16.3 17.1 16.5

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						WATER EQUI	
BASIN NAME STATION NAME	AGENCY	ELEV FEET	APR 1 AVG	TODAY	PERCENT OF APR 1	24 HRS AGO	1 WEEK AGO
TAMARACK SUMMIT	USBR	7600	30.5	20.7	68%	20.7	20.7
CHILKOOT MEADOW	USBR	7150	38.0	24.0	63%	24.0	24.0
HUNTINGTON LAKE GRAVEYARD MEADOW	USBR USBR	7000 6900	20.1 18.8	16.9 12.2	84% 65%	16.9 12.6	16.9 13.2
POISON RIDGE	USBR	6900	28.9	25.6	89%	25.8	26.8
KINGS RIVER BISHOP PASS	DWR	11200		12.4		13.7	13.1
CHARLOTTE LAKE	DWR	10400		11.8		11.6	11.2
STATE LAKES	USCE	10400	29.0	10.9	38%	10.9	10.0
MITCHELL MEADOW	USCE	10375	32.9	18.1	55%	18.1	17.8
BLACKCAP BASIN	USBR DWR	10300 9700	34.3 34.6	 22.2	64%	22.2	4.6 22.2
UPPER BURNT CORRAL WEST WOODCHUCK MDW	USCE	9100	32.8	12.7	39%	12.6	12.2
BIG MEADOWS	DWR	7600	25.9	14.5	56%	14.5	14.6
MANAGALLA THE DIVERS							
KAWEAH & TULE RIVERS QUAKING ASPEN	DWR	7200	21.0	14.5	69%	14.6	14.6
GIANT FOREST	USCE	6400	10.0	5.9	59%	6.4	7.2
KEDN DIVED							
KERN RIVER UPPER TYNDALL CREEK	USCE	11500	27.7	10.4	38%	10.4	10,4
CRABTREE	DWR	10700	19.8	6.0	30%	6.0	5.8
CHAGOOPA PLATEAU	DWR	10300	21.8	13.1	60%	13.1	13.1
PASCOES	USCE	9150	24.9	15.2	61%	15.0	14.8
TUNNEL WET MEADOW	DWR USCE	8950 8900	15.6 30.3	6.2 15.3	40% 50%	6.2 15.4	6.4 15.5
CASA VIEJA MDW	DWR	8400	20.9	11.1	53%	11.1	11.1
BEACH MEADOW	DWR	7650	11.0				.0
SURPRISE VALLEY AREA							
DISMAL SWAMP	SCS	7050	29.2	11.7	40%	11.9	12.1
TOLIOVEE DIVED							
TRUCKEE RIVER MOUNT ROSE SKI AREA	scs	8850	38.5	18.4	48% •	18.4	18,1
INDEPENDENCE LAKE	SCS	8450	41.4	18.1	44%	18.1	18.1
BIG MEADOWS	SCS	8700	25.7	7.1	28%	7.2	7.0
INDEPENDENCE CAMP	SCS	6500 6500	21.8	10.1	46%	10.2	10.0
INDEPENDENCE CREEK	SCS	6500	12.7	6.9	54%	7.0	7.0
LAKE TAHOE BASIN							
HEAVENLY VALLEY	SCS	8800	28.1	12.3	44%	12.5	12.7
HAGANS MEADOW MARLETTE LAKE	SCS SCS	8000 8000	16.5 21.1	5.4 9.4	33% 45%	5.7 9.4	6.5 9.2
ECHO PEAK	SCS	7800	39.5	21.3	54%	21.3	21.2
RUBICON NO. 2	SCS	7500	29.1	10.0	34%	10.0	
WARD CREEK NO. 3	SCS	6750	39.4	14.4	37%	14.6	
FALLEN LEAF LAKE	SCS	6300	7.0	.9	13%	1.1	3.0
CARSON RIVER							
EBBETTS PASS	SCS	8700	38.8	18.5	48%	18.5	17.9
POISON FLAT	SCS	7900	16.2	9.4	58%	. 9.6	10.0
WALKER RIVER							
VIRGINIA LAKES RIDGE	SCS	9200	20.3	8.4	41%	8.4	8.5
LOBDELL LAKE SONORA PASS BRIDGE	SCS SCS	9200 8750	17.3 26.0	9.7 13.5	56% 52%	9.7 13.5	9.6 13.5
LEAVITT MEADOWS	SCS	7200	8.0	5.3	66%	5.4	5.9
OWENS RIVER/MONO LK. GEM PASS	LADWP	10750	31.7	18.9	60%	18.9	18.3
SAWMILL MEADOW	DWR	10300	19.4	11.1	57%	11.1	10.4
COTTONWOOD LAKES	LADWP	10200	11.6	7.7	66%	7.8	7.4
BIG PINE #3	LADWP	9800	17.9	7.2	40%	7.2	6.6
SOUTH LAKE	LADWP USBR	9600 9500	16.0 42.4	6.0	38% 50%	6.0 21.3	5.9 20.9
MAMMOTH PASS (RP) MAMMOTH PASS-6 TANKS	USBR	9500 9500	42.4	21.3 18.7	50% 	21.3 18.7	20.9 18.3
ROCK CREEK	LADWP	8200		5.8		5.5	5.5
NORMAL SNOWPACK ACCUMU	JLATION EXPR	ESSED AS A PI	ERCENT OF A	APRIL 1ST AVE	RAGE	• .	
AREA	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY		
CENTRAL VALLEY NORTH	45	70	90	100	75		
CENTRAL VALLEY SOUTH	45 40	65 60	85 05	100	80 80		
NORTH COAST	40	60	85 1 <i>E</i>	100	80		



# \* \* \* \* \* SNOWLINES \* \* \* \*

Water Supply Production and Consumption - The disparity between California's water supply production and water use areas is graphically illustrated by these figures:

The North Coast produces 40 percent of the State's runoff yet it accounts for only 2 percent of our agricultural use and only 3 percent of our urban consumption.

The South Coast produces just 2 percent of our runoff and accounts for 50 percent of our urban water use and 3 percent of our agricultural water use.

California Snowfall - California snowfall can be pretty impressive when compared with similar records for the United States and North America. For example, the greatest 24 hour snowfall in California was 67.0 inches at the Sierra Ski Ranch on January 5, 1982. This is just 8.8 inches under the North American record which occurred at Silver Lake, Colorado on April 14-15, 1921. Record one month snowfall in North America, 390.0 inches was experienced at Tamarack, California during January, 1911. Tamarack had 884.0 inches of snow during the winter of 1906-07. The North American seasonal record is 1122.0 inches which occurred at the Rainier Paradise Ranger Station in Washington during the 1971-72 season.

**Photographs Wanted** - The Snow Surveys Office needs new photographs to be used as bulletin covers. The pictures should relate to snow or snow surveying and should be somewhat contrasty and without large white areas. If you have such pictures and would like to be a published photographer contact Dave Hart at 916-653-4541. We will credit you and your organization.

SNOWPACK- Snow data is a major index of spring and summer runoff from Sierra Nevada watersheds. April 1 data historically reflects the magnitude of the snowpack at or near the maximum seasonal accumulation. Averages are based on April 1 data for the period 1941-1990 (50 years, except for data sites established after 1941.)

PRECIPITATION- Averages are based on the period 1941-1990 (50 years, except for data sites established after 1931.)

RUNOFF AND FORECASTS- Runoff data and runoff forecasts are shown as unimpaired values. Unimpaired runoff represents the natural water production of a river basin, unaltered by upstream diversions, storage, or by export or import of water to or from other watersheds. Forecast of runoff assumes median conditions subsequent to the date of forecast.

Runoff probability ranges are statistically derived from historical data. The 80 percent probability range is comprised of the 90 percent exceedence level value and the 10 percent exceedence level value. This means that actual runoff should fall within the stated limits eight times out of ten.

Runoff averages for most streams are based on the 50 year period (1941-1990). For more details, contact California Cooperative Snow Surveys, P.O. Box 942836, Sacramento, CA 94236-0001, (916) 445-2196.

## On the Front Cover

USFS snow surveyors Dan Ballard, Mark Vardenega and Larry Wright measure the Mount Shasta snow course in the Upper Sacramento Basin Photo by Dave Hart State of California – The Resources Agency DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES P.O. Box 942836 Sacramento CA 94236–0001

# FIRST CLASS

